

CONFIDENTIAL

EASTERN RAILWAY  
MULTI-DISCIPLINARY ZONAL RAILWAY TRAINING INSTITUTE  
BIHULDIHANBAD

DATE: 17.08.2024

NO:MDZTI/EXAM CELL / 01/MISC/ 24

Sr. Divisional Personnel Officer,  
Eastern Railway, Asansol.

SUB.- Clarification regarding Answer of question no 49 for the selection of post of section controller in Pay Level -6 In transp. Deptt. Against 25% LDCE Quota held on 09.08.2024.

Ref- No. DSC/5/Selection/ SCNL/25% LDCE/24 dated. 16.08.24.

The Various part of section -3 of official language Act 1963 is produced below.

- Section 3(1)
  - i. **English may continue to be used alongside Hindi for official purposes of the Union and in Parliament.**
  - ii. English must be used in communication between the Union and States not adopting Hindi as their official language.
  - iii. When Hindi is used between a Hindi-adopting State and a non-Hindi adopting State, it must be accompanied by an English translation.
  - iv. States not adopting Hindi may still use it in communication with the Union or Hindi-adopting States by mutual agreement without requiring English.
- Section 3(2) Translation between Hindi and English is mandated in certain official communications until staff acquire proficiency in both languages in following types of communication:-
  - i. between one Ministry or Department or office of the Central Government and another;
  - ii. between one Ministry or Department or office of the Central Government and any corporation or company owned or controlled by the Central Government or any office thereof.;
  - iii. between any corporation or company owned or controlled by the Central Government or any office thereof and another.
- Section 3(3):-Both Hindi and English are required for resolutions, orders, reports, and official papers issued by the Central Government or its affiliated entities. The following papers must be bilingual:-
  - i. resolutions, general orders, rules, notifications, administrative or other reports or press communiqués issued or made by the Central Government
  - ii. administrative and other reports and official papers laid before a House or the Houses of Parliament
  - iii. contracts and agreements executed, and licenses, permits, notices and forms of tender issued.
- Section 3(4):-
  - i. The Central Government, through rules made under Section 8, can determine the languages to be used for official purposes of the Union, including within Ministries, Departments, Sections, or Offices.

ii. These rules must consider the efficient conduct of official business and the interests of the general public.

iii. The rules aim to ensure that individuals serving in Union affairs can effectively function, irrespective of their proficiency in Hindi or English. They shouldn't be disadvantaged due to lack of proficiency in either language.

Hence , from above it is clear that the concerned answer of Question No- 49 is (a) and not (c) .